



MASTER CUSTOMS SPECIALIST (MCS) COURSE
Module 3: General Rules of Interpretation (GRIs) | Quiz

- 1) Which GRI is most commonly used?
 - GRI 1
 - GRI 2(a)
 - GRI 3(b)
 - GRI 3(c)

- 2) According to GRI 1, what is not legally binding when you are using the HTS?
 - Headings
 - Chapter Titles
 - Chapter Notes
 - Section Notes

- 3) Articles that qualify as incomplete or unfinished—but are just short of being complete—should be classified as if they were the finished good.
 - True
 - False

- 4) In GRI 3a, the rule of relative specificity means specific descriptions are preferred over general descriptions.
 - True
 - False

- 5) To determine essential character of a product, you should consider which of the following?
 - Nature of the material or component
 - Its bulk, quantity, weight or value
 - Its role in relation to the use of the goods
 - All of the above

- 6) **Retail sets may undergo minor repackaging and still be considered retail sets.**
- True
 - False
- 7) **When classifying a women's knit blouse that is 50% cotton/50% polyester, what is the right tariff heading and/or course of action?**
- Classify based on highest value
 - Classify based on last in numerical order
 - Classify based on highest weight
 - None of the above
- 8) **Cases such as musical instrument cases should be classified with the item they contain (e.g. flute) when imported with that item.**
- True
 - False
- 9) **When comparing subheadings, you must only compare subheadings of the same level.**
- True
 - False
- 10) **Essential character is only considered under GRI 3(b).**
- True
 - False