

MASTER CUSTOMS SPECIALIST (MCS) COURSE Module 5: Country of Origin/Rules of Origin | Quiz

- 1) The country of origin rules for Free Trade Agreements are essentially the same as other rules of country of origin.
 - True
 - False
- 2) Rules of origin are <u>not</u> used to implement policies such as anti-dumping duty.
 - True
 - False
- 3) Important concepts to know in determining country of origin include:
 - A) Substantial Transformation
 - B) Essential Character
 - C) Both A & B
 - D) Neither A nor B
- 4) When a product emerges from a manufacturing process with a change in name, character or use, it has undergone a:
 - Commingling Process
 - Name Change
 - Substantial Transformation
 - None of the Above
- 5) With limited exception, CBP considers combining an active ingredient into a finished formulated product as a substantial transformation.
 - True
 - False



- 6) U.S. law requires all foreign origin goods or their containers imported into the United States must be marked in English in permanent, legible, and conspicuous fashion so that the ultimate purchaser knows the country of origin of the product.
 - True
 - False
- 7) When a package references a country other than the country of origin, it is <u>not</u> necessary to put the country of origin in close proximity to, or as large as, the other country name.
 - True
 - False

8) Which of the following are <u>not</u> reasons for marking exceptions?

- The article is incapable of being marked.
- The article can be marked prior to importation without injury.
- The article cannot be marked prior to importation except at an expense which is economically prohibitive
- The marking of the container will reasonably indicate the origin of the article
- 9) CBP defines the rules for marking products "Made in the USA."
 - True
 - False

10) CBP may assess an additional 10% marking duties after goods are released by CBP.

- True
- False